



International Association for Pattern Recognition, Inc.

An affiliate member of the International Federation for Information Processing

NEWSLETTER

Editor

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Dear Colleagues:

In my last letter I wrote about the need for more interaction among the different fields and/or communities, such as the Pattern Recognition, Artificial Intelligence, Robotics, and Signal Processing communities. Although I have not received any direct letters from you about the subject, I am happy to report that things are indeed happening. Just to mention a few events:

* *WORKSHOP ON HUMAN AND MACHINE VISION*,
Denver, Colorado, August 10-12, 1981;

* *THE AMERICAN SOCIETY OF SIGNAL PROCESSING (ASSP) WORKSHOP ON TWO-DIMENSIONAL DIGITAL SIGNAL PROCESSING*, October 5-7, 1981--which at least in part addressed itself to the mutual interests of the Signal Processing and Artificial Intelligence researchers;

* Also, the *AMERICAN OPTICAL SOCIETY MEETING* in October in Orlando, Florida, had a special section on Machine Perception as well as many sessions on Psychophysics of Vision.

For some details about these meetings, see the inside of this letter under REPORTS ABOUT MEETINGS.

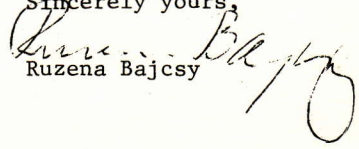
Now I would like to address myself to a generally related but slightly different issue, which is education--especially undergraduate education and programs with specialization towards Robotics, Computer Vision and Pattern Recognition. I would like to ask the community to answer the following questions:

1. Should we have any specialization at the undergraduate level at all, or should we just train our students in basic computer science, mathematics, physics, or electrical engineering?
2. If the answer to the first question is positive, then what courses and/or subjects should the undergraduates have on top of some basic computer science, physics, mathematics and/or electrical engineering courses? What should be the proportion between the basic courses and the applications?

If you have any ideas, let me know, and I would like to publish them.

Happy holidays to all of you.

Sincerely yours,


Ruzena Bajcsy

IAPR NEWS: From the desk of the secretary,
Dr. Pierre A. Devijver

NEW GUIDELINES FOR THE SELECTION OF LOCATION
FOR THE FUTURE INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCES
ON PATTERN RECOGNITION

- 1) A new Pattern Recognition and Image Processing Association has been formed in the Netherlands.

The Dutch pattern recognition community was first organized as a Working Group within the Netherlands Psychonomics Foundation. (Note: I consulted my Webster's, Chambers and Oxford Dictionaries. I found a lot about psychedelic--the correct version for psychedelic--psychopath, etc. But not one word about psychonomics.??)

In the spring of this year, a Dutch Association for Pattern Recognition and Image Processing has been founded with *Edzard Gelsema* as President and *Eric Backer* as Secretary.

- 2) IAPR has received a formal application for membership from the Indian Unit for Pattern Recognition and Artificial Intelligence (IUPRAI). The chairman of IUPRAI is *Prof. Dwijesh Dutta Majumder* from the Indian Statistical Institute, Calcutta, India
- 3) As of July 1981, *Dr. T. Kasvand* is the Canadian representative on the Governing Board of IAPR. He replaces *Prof. M. Levine* in that position. *Dr. Kasvand* is with the National Research Council of Canada.
- 4) People Moving

Dr. Stephano Levialdi (IAPR Conference & Awards Committees) formerly with CNR, Napoli, Italy, is now with:

*Istituto Scienze dell'Informazione
Universita degli Studi
Via Amendola 173
I - 70 126 Bari, ITALY
Phone 080-580626
Telex OGTSBA8 10333*

Dr. H. Mäder (individual member IAPR) formerly with ETH-Zentrum Zürich, is now with:

*Machine Tool-Works Oerlikon-Buhrle
LTD
Department KFK-EST
Birchstrasse 155
CH - 8050 Zürich, Switzerland*

Dr. K. Chidananda Gowda (individual member IAPR) formerly with the University of Mysore, India is now with:

*Earth Resources Group
Goddard Institute for Space Studies
2880, Broadway, New York
NY 10025, USA*

- 1) The Conference should be assigned to a sponsoring society or institution, rather than a group of individuals. However, the names of general chairman, program chairman, and local arrangements chairman should be submitted with the proposal together with two alternate names of people who may replace one of the above, if for some reason they cannot carry out their duties.
- 2) A proposal should contain documented estimates of attendance, both local and international, in order to substantiate the budget and the proposed registration fees. The proposal should also contain cost estimates for international travel from various countries.
- 3) Proposals should contain description of conference and hotel facilities.
- 4) Proposals should be submitted at least three months before the ICPR where the decision will be made. A copy of the proposal should be sent to each of the conference committee members and, optionally, to the IAPR executive committee and governing board. (If the conference committee recommends consideration by the governing board, then the additional copies should be brought at the ICPR meeting).

These guidelines were prepared by the Conference Committee of IAPR and discussed at the last executive committee meeting in Dallas, August 1981.

The members of the 1981-1982 Conference Committee are:

Dr. T. Pavlidis (Committee Chairman)
Bell Laboratories (2C-5 B)
Murray Hill, NJ 07974
USA
(201-582-7582)

Prof. T. Chang
Dept. of Automation
Ging-Hua University
Beijing, China

Prof. T. Kohonen
Dept. of Technical Physics
Helsinki Univ. of Technology
SF-02150 Espoo 15, Finland

*Istituto Scienze dell'Informazione
Universita degli Studi
Via Amendola 173
I-70126 Bari, Italy*

Members of IAPR are invited to send their proposals to the above committee for the future locations not later than July 31, 1982. These proposals will be considered at the 6-ICPR in Munich in October 1982.

The editor, R. Bajcsy, apologizes to the readers for the omission from the August issue the name and address of our First vice-president from Denmark from the list of members of the governing board:

*Prof. P.W. Becker
Electronic Institute
Technical University of Denmark
Bldg. 344
DK - 2800 LYNGBY (DENMARK)*

PROFESSOR FU RECEIVES RECOGNITION

Prof. King-Sun Fu, who was the first president of IAPR, received the senior research award of the American Society for Engineering Education for "outstanding contributions to the development of pattern recognition, theory, and its practical application." The award was given to him at the Society's annual meeting, June 21-25, 1981 at the University of Southern California, Los Angeles. We sincerely congratulate him for this well deserved award.

CONFERENCE REPORTS

As mentioned before, the second ASSP WORKSHOP ON TWO-DIMENSIONAL DIGITAL SIGNAL PROCESSING was held in New Paltz, New York on October 5-7, 1981. The meeting was in part organized by

*Dr. Thomas L. Marzetta
Schlumberger-Doll Research
Old Quarry Road
Ridgefield, CT 06877*

There will be a complete report from the meeting. Anybody interested in obtaining a copy should write to the above address.

We were fortunate to receive one report on the Panel on Signal Processing and Artificial Intelligence, summarized by *R.O. Duda*.

R.O. Duda opened the session by observing that both signal processing (SP) and artificial intelligence (AI) are concerned with extracting information from data, but that SP typically applies analytical methods to numerical data, whereas AI typically applies logical methods to symbolic data. The challenge is to capitalize on the advances that have occurred in both fields and identify promising opportunities for cooperative work.

Many of the other panelists made more detailed but similar comparisons between SP and AI. Perhaps the most radical was made by *M.A. Fischler* (SRI International), who emphasized the fact that the two fields often employ fundamentally different models of reality, with SP usually requiring analytically well structured models. *Fischler* felt that AI researchers should be devoting more effort to the task of building models (learning), a once-popular topic that currently is receiving little attention.

J.K. Agarwal (U. Texas, Austin) pointed out some opportunities and problems for using AI in SP. He used a synthetic seismic signal to show that people often want to extract more information from a signal that is carried by the signal itself. To do this requires external knowledge which must be brought to bear on the signal processing. He also gave examples showing that humans (who presumably possess extensive knowledge) sometimes make quite different interpretations of the same data.

L.N. Kanal (U. Maryland) noted that AI provides graph search and problem solving methods that can provide greater flexibility for SP. He described how a problem in biomedical waveform analysis could be solved by data-driven procedures or hypothesis-driven procedures, but was best solved by a combination of these two strategies. *R. Reddy* (Carnegie-Mellon) pointed out that while knowledge can constrain search, some search problems (such as looking for flaws in integrated circuits) seem inherently exhaustive.

A. Oppenheim (MIT) observed that cooperative work in SP and AI is an interdisciplinary problem. He said that he is aware of systems that employ separate SP and AI components, but could not cite a system in which these components interact in a mutually reinforcing fashion. He also observed that there is a large amount of knowledge that is implicitly contained in many SP procedures, but this knowledge is not formally represented. If this knowledge were appropriately represented, AI methods could be used to allow greater flexibility, provide explanations, etc.. Thus, AI might provide different architectural ideas of great value.

J.M. Tenenbaum (Fairchild) thought that the distinction between "compiled" (SP) and "interpreted" (AI) representations was not as fundamental as the question of what knowledge is needed for a given set of tasks. He then argued that when people do signal interpretation--particularly at the direct, perceptual level--they make use of very general kinds of constraints to restore information missing in the signal. These mechanisms sometimes lead to illusions, but the fact that they are very general and should be a part of any system for machine perception. Finally, he outlined a parallel processing scheme that makes use of illumination and geometry constraints to recover reflectance, range, and orientation information from a monocular image.

Many of the points made by the panelists were debated and clarified in the subsequent discussion. Although no new suggestions for fruitful possibilities for cooperative research emerged, the session may have served to lower the communication barrier between workers in the two disciplines.

Also, for your information, I would like to publish at least the flavor of the WORKSHOP ON HUMAN AND MACHINE VISION held in Denver, Colorado on August 10-12, 1981 by citing the speakers and their topics:

Speaker: Jay M. Tenenbaum, Fairchild Artificial Intelligence Research Laboratory:
Issues in computational vision

Discussants: Michael Arbib, Univ. of Massachusetts
What is vision for? Clues from Neuroscience
Fred Attneave, University of Oregon
Myron L. Braunstein, Univ. of California, Irvine
Contrasts between human and machine vision: should technology recapitulate phylogeny?

Speakers: Thomas O. Binford, Stanford University
Representation in selected computer vision systems

Michael I. Posner and Avishai Henik, University of Oregon
Isolating representational systems

Discussants: Lynn A. Cooper, Univ. of Pittsburgh
Flexibility in representational systems
Martin A. Fischler, SRI International
Machine vision: Issues concerning goals, knowledge requirements, representations, and computational processes

Speakers: Jacob Beck, University of Oregon
Textural Segmentation
Steven W. Zucker, McGill University
Computational and psychophysical experiments in grouping

Discussants: Robert M. Haralick, Virginia Polytechnic Institute and State University
Low level representation by function approximation
Larry S. Davis, University of Maryland
Edge detection

Speakers: Jerome Feldman, University of Rochester
Organization: Taking parallelism seriously
Steven E. Palmer, Univ. of California, Berkeley
Transformational structure and perceptual organization

Discussants: Takeo Kanade, Carnegie-Mellon Univ.
Organization of computer vision system
Paul A. Kolers, University of Toronto

Speaker: Shimon Ullman, Massachusetts Institute of Technology
Measuring Motion

Discussant: K. Prazdny, University of Maryland
A sketch of a theory of the perception of egomotion

Speakers: Mike Brady, Massachusetts Institute of Technology
Some issues arising in the perception of space
Harold A. Sedgwick, State Univ. of New York College of Optometry
Spatial layout information for monocular stationary observers

Discussants: Harry Barrow, Fairchild Artificial Intelligence Research Laboratory
Representation of shape and space
David N. Perkins, Harvard University
Assumption handling in perception

Speaker: Richard L. Gregory, Univ. of Bristol
Perceptive perception

CONFERENCE ANNOUNCEMENTS

PRELIMINARY ANNOUNCEMENT OF

ITALIAN IAPR INTERNATIONAL WORKSHOP ON

CYBERNETICS SYSTEMS: RECOGNITION, LEARNING, SELF ORGANIZATION

UNIVERSITY OF SALERNO 9-10-11-12 DECEMBER 1981

SCIENTIFIC PROGRAM

The scientific program will cover the following topics:

- Section A) NEURON NETS AND SELF ORGANIZING SYSTEMS
- Section B) NATURAL LANGUAGES
- Section C) PATTERN RECOGNITION OF IMAGES AND SPEECH

TIMETABLE

8 December 1981	RECEPTION
9 December 1981	INVITED CONTRIBUTIONS (Section A)
- morning	SHORT COMMUNICATIONS, DISCUSSIONS, GROUP SESSIONS
- afternoon	
10 December 1981	INVITED CONTRIBUTIONS (Section B)
- morning	SHORT COMMUNICATIONS, DISCUSSIONS, GROUP SESSIONS
- afternoon	
11 December 1981	INVITED CONTRIBUTIONS (Section C)
- morning	SHORT COMMUNICATIONS, DISCUSSIONS, GROUP SESSIONS
- afternoon	
12 December 1981	IAPR ITALIAN GROUP MTG. DEPARTURE
- morning	
- afternoon	

Two kinds of papers will be read:

- Invited contributions, consisting of 60 minute lesson on the main topics;
- Accepted contributions, consisting of a 20 minute presentation of scientific results by researchers working in the above mentioned fields

English is the official language of the Workshop.

It is planned to publish all contributions presented in a PROCEEDINGS book.

SIXTEENTH ANNUAL CONFERENCE ON
INFORMATION SCIENCES AND SYSTEMS

Circuits, Communications, Computers, Controls
March 17, 18, 19, 1982

PRINCETON UNIVERSITY
DEPARTMENT OF ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING
AND COMPUTER SCIENCE

Authors are invited to submit papers describing new advances, applications and ideas in the fields of communication theory, computer science, control and circuit theory, including contributions which explore the application of these and related disciplines.

Two kinds of contributed papers are solicited. The first consists of regular papers requiring approximately thirty minutes for presentation: these will be reproduced in full (up to six pages) in the conference PROCEEDINGS. The second consists of short papers suitable for presentation in fifteen minutes or less; one page summaries of these papers will be published in the PROCEEDINGS. (One Proceedings page is approximately two standard double-spaced pages.)

INSTRUCTIONS FOR AUTHORS--A regular or short designation, title, and summary are to be submitted by January 15, 1982. Summaries should be of sufficient detail and length to permit careful reviewing. Authors will be notified of acceptance by February 15, 1982. Instructions for the preparation of accepted papers for the PROCEEDINGS will be sent to each author. All manuscripts are to be submitted to *Stuart Schwartz, Department of Electrical Engineering and Computer Science, Princeton University, Princeton, New Jersey 08544.*

1982 IEEE COMPUTER SOCIETY CONFERENCE
On
PATTERN RECOGNITION AND IMAGE PROCESSING
June 13-17, 1982, Anaheim, California

The Conference is being held in conjunction with the National Computer Graphics Association '82 Conference. There will also be two days of preconference tutorials covering basic aspects of pattern recognition and image processing conducted by leading experts in the field.

The program will consist of submitted and invited papers (not more than 3000 words). Papers are sought in all aspects of pattern recognition and image processing, including:

- * Enhancement and Restoration
- * Segmentation, Edge, and Feature Detection
- * Image Data Base Management
- * Special Purpose Hardware
- * Texture Analysis
- * Image Encoding and Approximation
- * Reconstruction from Projections
- * Region Representation and Shape Description
- * Scene Analysis
- * Clustering, Statistical and Structural Pattern Recognition
- * Image Understanding * Medical Imaging
- * Remote Sensing * Image Sciences

With special sessions on:

- * TIME-VARYING IMAGERY
- * 3-D OBJECT REPRESENTATION
- * AUTOMATIC GENERATION OF RECOGNITION STRATEGIES
- * MAP DATA PROCESSING
- * COMPUTER VISION AND ROBOTICS

The papers accepted for the conference will be published by the IEEE Computer Society in a conference proceedings which will be distributed to all registrants at the conference. Persons interested in participating should send four (4) copies of their papers by January 25, 1982 to:

*Dr. Richard P. Kruger
Los Alamos National Laboratory
Los Alamos, New Mexico 87545*

Selected papers of exceptional interest and merit will be considered for publication in IEEE Transactions on Pattern Analysis and Machine Intelligence.

1982 EUROPEAN CONFERENCE ON ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE
ECAI-82, 8-10 July 1982 in ORSAY, FRANCE

General Chairman: Yves Kodratoff
Institut de programmation
4, Place Jussieu
F-75230 Paris Cedex 05,
FRANCE
33-1-329 12 21,
ext. 53-90

Program Chairman: Peter Raulefs
Institut für Informatik II
Universität Bonn
Postfach 2220
D-5300 Bonn 1, West
Germany
49-228-738721

Program Committee:

L. Bolc (Warsaw), A. Bundy (Edinburgh), G. Guiho (Paris), I. Havel (Prague), L. Henschen (Evanston), Y. Kodratoff (Paris), J. Mayhew (Sheffield), D. Michie (Edinburgh), R. DeMori (Turin), L.M. Pereira (Lisbon), R. Poppelstone (Edinburgh), P. Raulefs (Bonn), D. Sleeman (Leeds), N.S. Sridharan (New Brunswick), W. Wahster (Hamburg), Y. Wilks (Colchester).

Invited speakers include:

H. Berliner (Carnegie-Mellon University, Pittsburgh), H. Gallaire (CGE Marcoussis), G. Huet (INRIA, Paris), R. Kowalski (Imperial College, London), R. Schank (Yale University, New Haven).

The conference will accept both regular and short papers. Papers should be submitted to the Program Chairman for one category only. The conference language is English. REGULAR PAPERS must not exceed 15 typewritten pages (A4 format). SHORT PAPERS must not exceed 5 typewritten pages (A4 format). Papers in both categories should include name(s) and address of the author(s), a 100-word abstract, and a list of descriptive keywords. All papers will be refereed. Please include office and/or home telephone number(s) in an accompanying letter when submitting your paper. Final papers must be typed camera-ready on special forms for inclusion in the Conference Proceedings.

Submission deadline: 30 November 1981
Notification of acceptance: 15 February 1982
Camera-ready copy due: 15 March 1982

Conference Proceedings will be ready for distribution at the conference. General inquiries about the conference should be addressed to Y. Kodratoff (General Chairman). For further information on details of submission contact P. Raulefs (Program Chairman).

ECAI-82 is sponsored by the Society for the Study of Artificial Intelligence and the Simulation of Behaviour (AISB), and succeeds to the AISB meetings on Artificial Intelligence held at Brighton (74), Edinburgh (76), Hamburg (78), Amsterdam (80). It is concerned by all aspects of Artificial Intelligence and its applications.

FIRST INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCE ON
COMPUTER APPLICATIONS
IN PRODUCTION AND ENGINEERING

Internationaal Congrescentrum RAI Amsterdam
The Netherlands
April 25-28, 1983

OBJECTIVES, THEMES AND TOPICS

The international conference on Computer Applications in Production and Engineering (CAPE '83) is intended to highlight the development and applications of computer programs and computer systems that will improve the specification, design, production planning, manufacture and production phases of industrial and consumer products.

One of the objectives of the conference is to promote and to understand current developments, the furthering and exchange of information in Research, Development and Use of Computer Aided Design (CAD), Computer Aided Manufacture (CAM) and Production Management (PM) systems.

Since the advent of computer technology and information processing techniques, attempts have been made to introduce these new technologies in various phases of product realization and the results of these attempts are reflected in many computer programs and systems. However, even the most successful of these developments solve only parts of the product realization process. In addition, the available programs and systems are suited solely for one product or a limited range of products.

Consequently, another objective of the conference is the identification of interfaces between the specification, design, manufacture and production processes: the information flow between such processes; the integration of CAD, CAM and PM. It is expected that presentation on experiences gained in the automated process of product realization will stimulate further work in developing integrated CAD CAM and PM systems.

The conference plans to bring together specialists in a variety of engineering disciplines, systems designers and computer users, so as to improve the cross fertilization in the construction and use of CAD/CAM and PM systems.

A special emphasis will also be focused on the specification of such systems, the human-machine dialogue and the aspects of generating the required technical product documentation.

The Technical Programme of the conference will address topics related to the use and the information techniques of CAD, CAM and PM systems.

CAPE '83 IS sponsored by:

IFIP (International Federation for Information Processing)
FACE (International Federation of Associations of Computer users in Engineering and Architecture)

FIRST INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCE ON COMPUTER APPLICATIONS IN PRODUCTION AND ENGINEERING, Contd.

and supported by:

CIAD (Netherlands Association of Computer users in Engineering)

NGI Section CAD/CAM (CAD/CAM section of the Netherlands Society for Informatics)

NETHERLANDS MINISTRY OF ECONOMIC AFFAIRS

LANGUAGE

The conference language is English.

REQUIREMENTS FOR SUBMITTING PAPERS

Extended summaries of minimal 300 and maximal 500 words must be submitted as soon as possible but not later than February 1, 1982. The extended summary must include a 50 word abstract and should be typed single-spaced. A presentation period of 20 to 25 minutes will be allotted to each paper. Authors will be informed for submitting full unpublished papers by the Program Committee's decision by June 1, 1982.

The summaries must be mailed to:

Mr. S.D. Duyverman

2de Schuytstraat 171

2517 TM THE HAGUE, The Netherlands

IFIP will hold the copyright of accepted papers which will be published in the Conference Proceedings.

IMPORTANT DATES

February 1, 1982: Extended summary due

June 1, 1982: Authors notified

October 1, 1982: Full version due

April 25-28, 1983: Conference

EXHIBITION

An exhibition of hardware and software, including graphics and numerically controlled equipment and peripherals will be held in the lounges of the Congress Centre.

SPECIAL PROGRAMME AND INDUSTRIAL VISITS

An extensive programme of social events and industrial visits is scheduled.

LOCATION

The conference will be held in the Internationaal Congressentrum RAI, which is located in the southern part of Amsterdam and can be reached directly by train from Rotterdam, the Hague, and the airport of Amsterdam Schiphol.

ASSOCIATION FOR LITERARY AND LINGUISTIC COMPUTING
SEVENTH INTERNATIONAL ALLC SYMPOSIUM
COMPUTERS IN LITERARY AND LINGUISTIC RESEARCH

Co-Sponsored by the Association for Literary and Linguistic Computing and the Association for Computers and the Humanities

7-11 June 1982 Pisa, Italy

Papers are invited for presentation at the Symposium. It is anticipated that they will be in the following categories:

Authorship studies, Concordances, Data bases, Education, Input/Output, Language-oriented studies, Lexicography, Literary statistics, Metrics, Quantitative linguistics, Software, Stylistic analysis, Textual criticism, and allied subject areas.

Anyone wishing to present a paper should send three copies of a typed abstract of approximately 300 words to Dr. J. Hamesse to be received before 31 December 1981. The Programme Committee will then select suitable papers from the abstracts offered, and request the submission of complete draft papers to be received before 1 March 1982. Speakers will be informed by 15 April 1982 of the acceptance of their papers.

Papers should be original. The Association reserves the right to consider papers presented at the Symposium for publication in the ALLC Journal.

ABSTRACTS (3 copies) to: For further INFORMATION:

Dr. J. Hamesse

Université Catholique

de Louvain

Institut Supérieure

de Philosophie

Chemin d'Aristote, 1

B-1348 LOUVAIN-LA-NEUVE

Belgium

Prof. A. Zampolli

VII ALLC Symposium

Via della Faggiola, 32

I-56100 PISA

ITALY

Phone: 050 / 502082

OTHER SOCIETIES

We have received a flyer describing IFIP. Since our association is an affiliate member of the International Federation for Information Processing (IFIP), we thought that the readers might be interested in learning a few facts about it.

IFIP

INTERNATIONAL FEDERATION FOR INFORMATION PROCESSING

THE AIMS OF IFIP ARE:

- to promote information science and technology;
- to advance international cooperation in the field of information processing;
- to stimulate research, development and application of information processing in science and human activity;
- to further the dissemination and exchange of information on information processing;
- to encourage education in information processing.

In achieving these aims, IFIP fulfills the need for better worldwide communication and increased understanding among practitioners of all nations of the role information processing can play in accelerating technical and scientific progress.

IFIP is both a catalyst and a focal point for conceptual and technological developments which advance the state of the information processing art. It also performs a vital function in working

towards the maximum dissemination of significant information about a new and basic tool of all mankind--the digital computer and its applications.

IFIP came into official existence in January 1960. It was established to meet a need identified at the first International Conference on Information Processing which was held in Paris in June 1959 under the sponsorship of UNESCO.

ORGANIZATIONAL STRUCTURE

The supreme authority of the Federation is the *GENERAL ASSEMBLY*, which meets once every year. It consists of one national representative from each of the Member organizations. The General Assembly decides on all important matters, such as general policy, the programme of activities, admissions, elections and budget.

The day-to-day work of IFIP is directed by the Officers: the President, three Vice-Presidents, Secretary and Treasurer, who are elected by the General Assembly and together constitute the *EXECUTIVE BODY*.

The *COUNCIL*, consisting of the Officers and up to eight Trustees elected from the General Assembly, meets twice a year and takes decisions which become necessary between General Assembly meetings.

The legal location of the Federation is in Geneva, Switzerland. The IFIP Secretariat in Geneva administers the day-to-day operations of IFIP.

The IFIP Foundation, located in Amsterdam, the Netherlands, provides administrative support for IFIP technical bodies and also for other non-profit professional and technical organizations.

IFIP CONGRESSES AND CONFERENCES

A major event in the IFIP programme of activities is the Congress, held every three years. An IFIP Congress is an international occasion which attracts information scientists, managers and administrators from all over the world to listen, to learn, to educate and to exchange ideas with their colleagues from other countries.

The first was held in 1962 in Munich. Subsequent Congresses have been held in New York, Edinburgh, Ljubljana, Stockholm and Toronto. The selection of a dual site for 1980, Tokyo and Melbourne, established an interesting precedent for the International Congress.

FURTHER INFORMATION

Further information about IFIP and its activities may be obtained from the *IFIP Secretariat*, 3 rue du Marché, CH-1204 Geneva, Switzerland. Telephone: (022) 28 26 49. Telex: 28 472 ifip ch.

Another piece of news we obtained was about a name change for the International Society of Photogrammetry.

INTERNATIONAL SOCIETY OF PHOTOGRAMMETRY

changes name to:

INTERNATIONAL SOCIETY OF PHOTOGRAMMETRY AND REMOTE SENSING

The society held its 14th congress from 13-26 July 1980 in Hamburg, FRG. The name change reflects the current broadening of scope from the use of aerial photography for mapping to the use of a variety of sensors for topographic and thematic mapping as well as other special tasks.

The president of the society is *Dr. Frederick Doyle*, of the U.S. Geological Survey, Reston, Virginia. The next congress is to be held in the summer of 1984 in Rio de Janeiro, Brazil. In 1982, however, the society will arrange a series of 7 inter-congress symposia held in different countries on special topics. We will announce these when the exact locations and dates are known.

The International Society of Photogrammetry and Remote Sensing is organized in 7 Commissions, and each Commission is in turn operating several Working Groups. We will at a future time list all those Working Groups that could be of interest to IAPR members. Two Working Groups of Commission III are certainly of considerable interest. These are:

Working Group III-4 on

MATHEMATICAL ASPECTS OF IMAGE REGISTRATION, RECTIFICATION AND ENHANCEMENT

Chairmen: *Prof. Dr. E.M. Mikhail* and *Mr. Paul Anuta*
Purdue University
Laboratory for the Application of Remote Sensing
1220 Potter Drive
West Lafayette, Indiana 47906 USA

Working Group III-5 on

MATHEMATICAL PATTERN RECOGNITION AND IMAGE ANALYSIS

Chairman: *Prof. Dr. F. Leberl*
Technical University Graz
Rechbauerstasse 12, A-8010
Graz, Austria

The two working groups are a result of the continued development of photogrammetry and remote sensing to incorporate the techniques previously developed in the areas of artificial intelligence, computer graphics, digital image processing. It is hoped that these working groups will lead to an improved interaction with the pattern recognition community. Those interested in cooperating are invited to contact the chairman:

Prof. Dr. F. Leberl
Technical University Graz
A-8010 Graz, Austria

From Martin Levine we learned about a new society:

ASSOCIATION FOR LITERARY AND LINGUISTIC COMPUTING

Association de Littérature et de Linguistique Computationnelles

Chairman: Mrs. J.M. Smith

President (1980-83):
Professor R. Wisbey

Secretary:
Dr. J.L. Dawson
University of Cambridge
Literary and Linguistic
Computing Centre
Sidgwick Site
Cambridge CB3 9DA
England
Tel. 0223-356411
ext. 37

The Annual General Meeting will be held on
Friday 18 December 1981 at 11:30 a.m. at
Oxford University Computing Service
13 Banbury Road
Oxford, U.K.

Please address all correspondence concerning
the meeting to:

ALLC International Meeting
Oxford University Computing Service
13 Banbury Road
Oxford OX6 2NN
UK

The telephone number for enquiries is Oxford
(0865) 56721. In particular, St. John's College has
requested that correspondence concerning the meeting
and accommodation should be addressed to the
conference organisers at Oxford University Computing
Service, not to the College.

NEW TITLES

BOOKS

FAILURE DIAGNOSIS AND PERFORMANCE MONITORING (Control
and Systems Theory Series, Volume 11). L.F. Pau,
Ecole Nationale Supérieure des Télécommunications,
Paris, France. May, 1981, 448 pages, illustrated;
Marcel Dekker, Inc., 270 Madison Avenue, New York,
NY 10016.

STATISTICAL PATTERN CLASSIFICATION USING CONTEXTUAL
INFORMATION, K.S. Fu and T.S. Yu, Wiley.

SYNTACTIC PATTERN RECOGNITION AND APPLICATIONS,
K.S. Fu, Prentice-Hall.

From IEEE Press

SENSORY AIDS FOR THE HEARING IMPAIRED. Edited by
Harry Levitt, City University of New York, James M.
Pickett, Gallaudet College, and Robert A. Houde,
The Center for Communications Research, 1980, 576 pp.
ISBN-Clothbound, 0-87942-134-7. A book of selected
reprints.

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- Tutorial: MICROCOMPUTER NETWORKS**
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The 31 papers in this tutorial cover a newly developing area in the field of data communications. Devoted solely to systems or networks of microcomputers, the fastest growing area in the DP market, the tutorial is divided into five sections: origins of microcomputer networks, techniques for installing and interconnecting these types of networks, software aspects of network operating systems, currently available networks, and case studies of successful implementations of various design concepts.

395 (EHO190-9): December 1981, 280 pp. NM, \$20.00; M, \$15.00

- Tutorial: SOFTWARE MANAGEMENT (2nd Ed.)**
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396 (EHO189-1): December 1981, 512 pp. NM, \$25.00; M, \$18.75

- Tutorial: PROGRAMMING PRODUCTIVITY—ISSUES FOR THE EIGHTIES**
by Capers Jones

Current research indicates that the greatest barrier to improved productivity in software development lies in the expenses associated with defect removal and with paperwork. This tutorial focuses on programming in the context of other disciplines and addresses five major topic areas: programming measurements, life-cycle analysis, requirements and design methods, programming environments, and alternatives to programming.

391 (EHO186-7): November 1981, 440 pp. NM, \$28.00; M, \$21.00

- Tutorial: HUMAN FACTORS IN SOFTWARE DEVELOPMENT**
by Bill Curtis

Initially presented at COMPSAC 81, this tutorial presents a broad overview of the human factors experimental research in software development. Bridging the gap between theoretical and applied psychology and today's programmers' working environments, the author presents papers on such topics as: models of problem solving in programming, language characteristics, specification formats, faults and debugging, team performance, appraising individual differences, and methodology.

390 (EHO185-9): November 1981, 642 pp. NM, \$30.00; M, \$22.50

- Tutorial: SOFTWARE DEVELOPMENT ENVIRONMENTS**
by Anthony I. Wasserman

Automated support for various tasks associated with software development and toward integrating tools and techniques into coherent software development methodologies has had a significant impact upon the environments in which software is specified, designed, developed, and tested. It has also affected programmers' productivity. This tutorial focuses on these issues and provides a good perspective on the state of the art in software development environments and a framework for understanding future developments as they occur. Contains 39 papers from the latest sources.

385 (EHO187-5): November 1981, 476 pp. NM, \$25.00; M, \$18.75

- Tutorial: SOFTWARE DESIGN STRATEGIES (2nd Ed.)**
by Glenn D. Bergland and Ronald D. Gordon

In this revised edition of their first popular tutorial by the same name, Gordon and Bergland focus on aspects of software design that have a direct effect on the structure of a final program. Several major design strategies are developed and compared including: traditional forms of functional decomposition, the data-structure design method of Michael Jackson, the data-flow method of Constantine, and the programming calculus of Dijkstra. Includes 31 papers and an extensive bibliography and permuted title index.

389 (EHO184-2): November 1981, 480 pp. NM, \$25.00; M, \$18.75

- Tutorial: THE SECURITY OF DATA IN NETWORKS**
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366 (EHO183-4): August 1981, 242 pp. NM, \$20.00; M, \$15.00

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by Robert H. Kuhn and David A. Padua

Divided into two parts covering hardware and software, this tutorial focuses on the wide variety of processors available today, in the past, and in the future. The authors review the taxonomic types into which the spectrum of parallel processors can be divided and consider the theoretical obstacles to massive parallel processing as proposed by noted researchers. Part 2 discusses: languages for parallel programming, compilers for translating sequential programs into parallel programs, operating systems, and algorithms for parallel computers. Contains 45 reprints.

367 (EHO182-6): August 1981, 498 pp. NM, \$25.00; M, \$18.75

- Tutorial: DATABASE MANAGEMENT IN THE 80's**
by James A. Larson and Harvey A. Freeman

This tutorial addresses the kinds of data base management systems (DBMS) that will be available through this decade. Interfaces available to various classes of users are described, including self-contained query languages and graphical displays. Techniques available to data base administrators to design both logical and practical DBMS architectures are reviewed, as are data base computers and other hardware specifically designed to accelerate data base management functions.

369 (EHO181-8): September 1981, 472 pp. NM, \$25.00; M, \$18.75

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392 (THO092-7): October 1981, 304 pp. NM, \$22.00; M, \$16.50

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